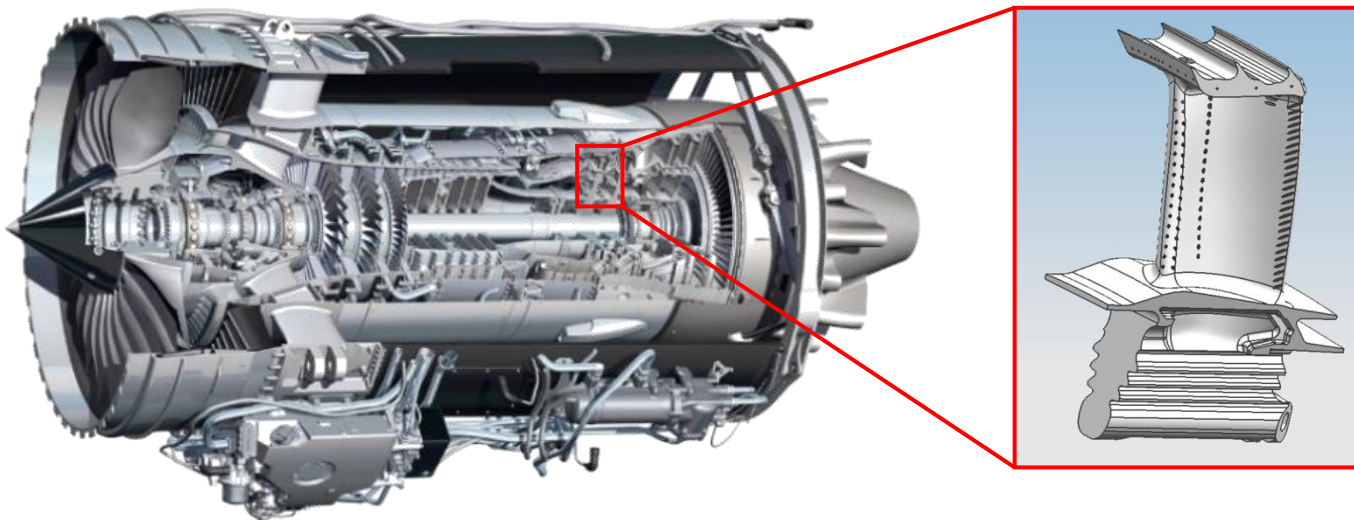


**8. Dresdner Probabilistik-Workshop**  
**08<sup>th</sup>-09<sup>th</sup> October, 2015**

**Response surface based robust design  
optimization on the example of a  
high pressure turbine blade**

**Frank Wagner**, Arnold Kühhorn  
Department of Structural Mechanics and  
Vehicle Vibrational Technology  
*BTU Cottbus-Senftenberg*

- Manufacturing uncertainties influence component properties, which can result in invalid components
- Robust design addresses this problem in an early design stage
- Challenge: new methods and strong increase in the number of simulations



*Focus of this work:*

- Go through a robust design workflow for a real world turbine blade
- To ensure the physical integrity a deep look into the methods and an extensive validation are necessary

1

Motivation / Task

2

**Toolbox: Procedure, methods and validation**

3

**Case of HP turbine blade**

4

**Results**

5

**Conclusions**

1

Motivation / Task

2

**Toolbox: Procedure, methods and validation**

3

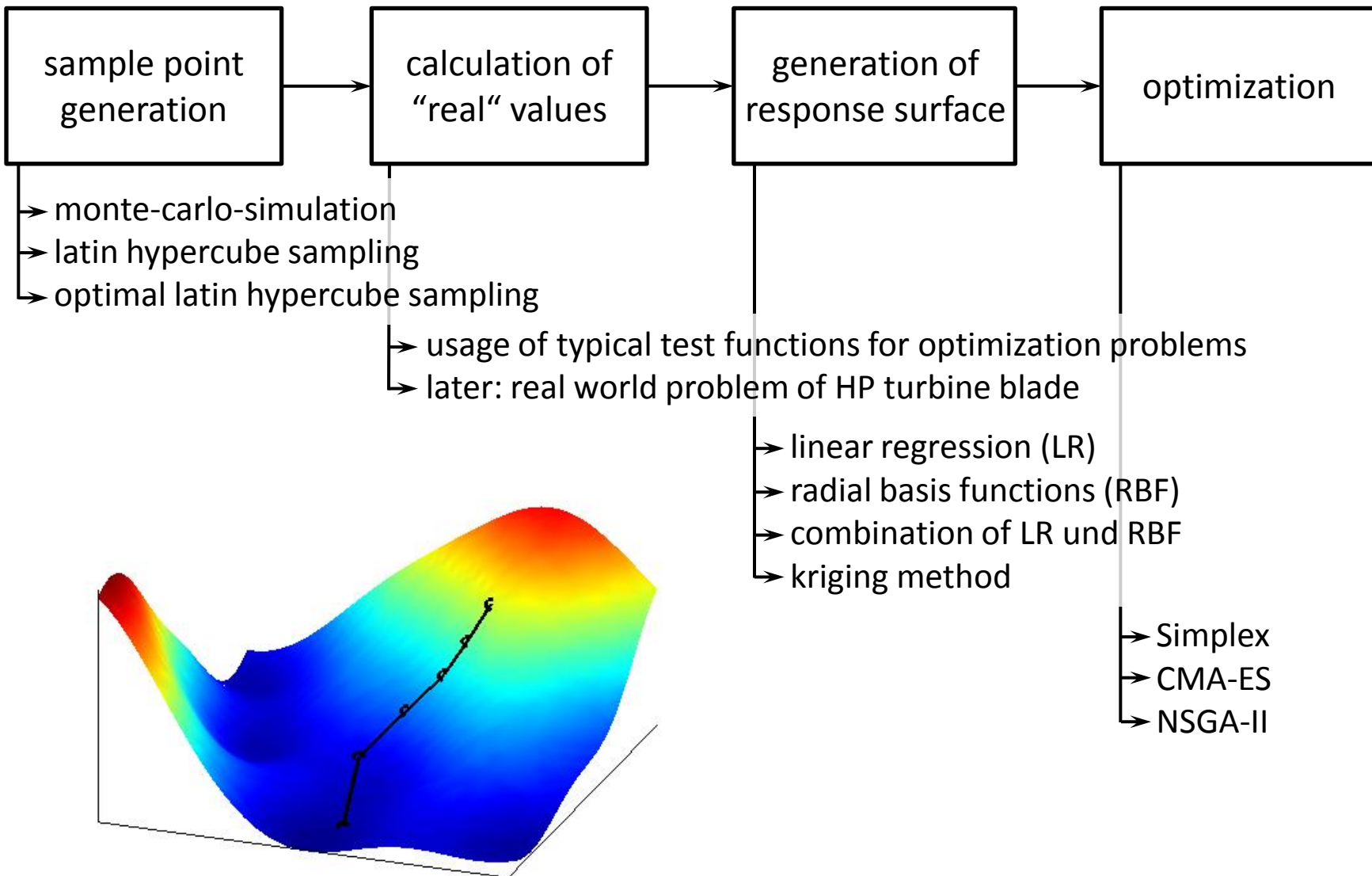
Case of HP turbine blade

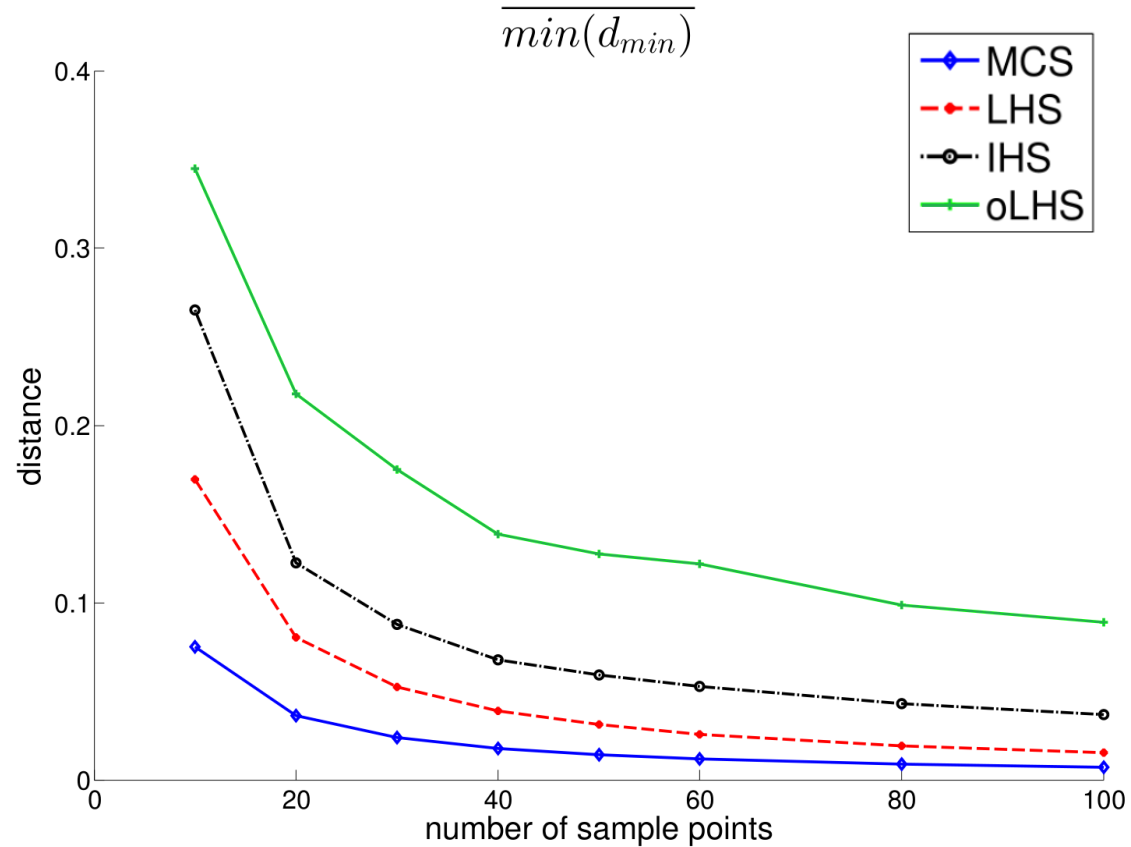
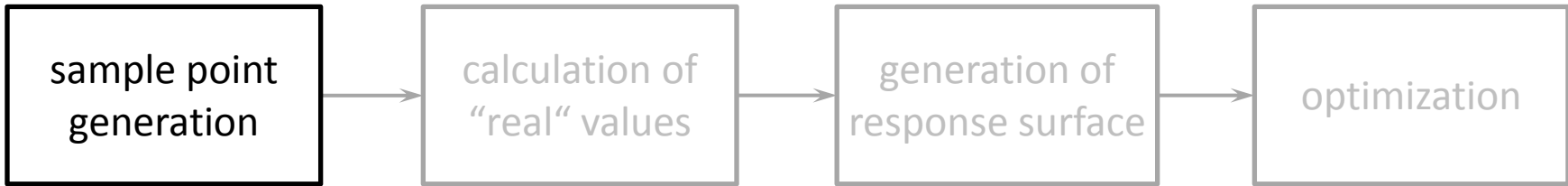
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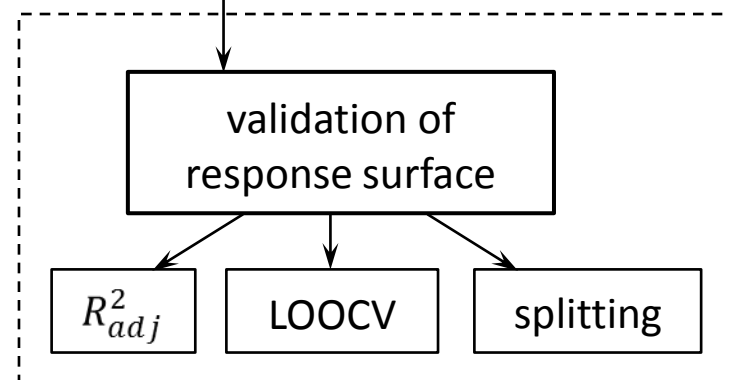
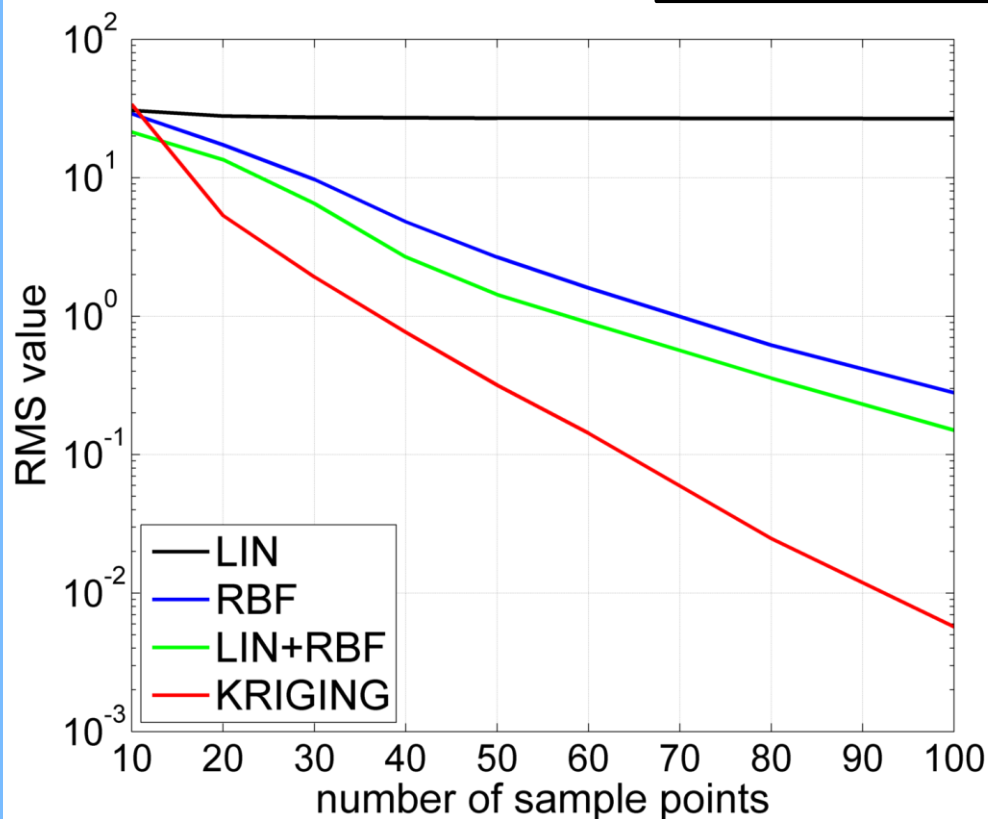
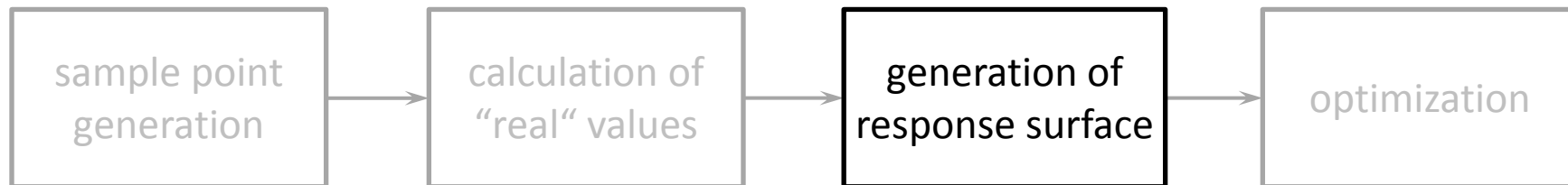
Results

5

Conclusions







1

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5

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### Geometry → 16 Parameters

- Lean, skew and axial shift for 5 sections
- Lean, skew and axial shift for platform
- Scaling factor for wall thickness of PS and SS

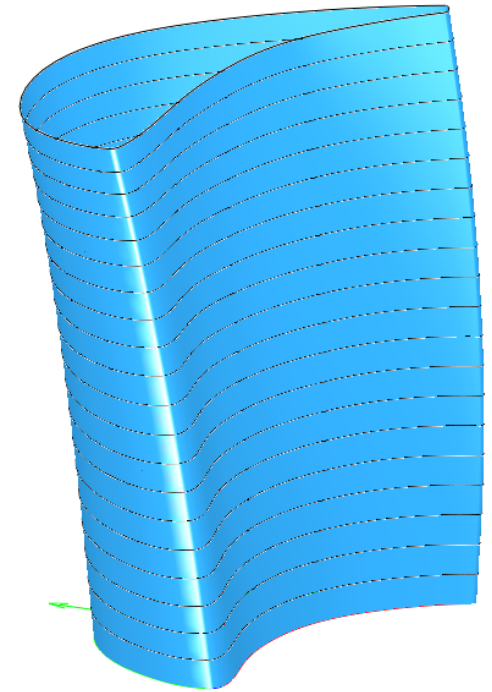
### Boundary conditions → 1 Parameter

- Scaling factor for temperature field

### Material → 1 Parameter

- Crystal angle

⇒ uncorrelated 18 dimensional normal distribution



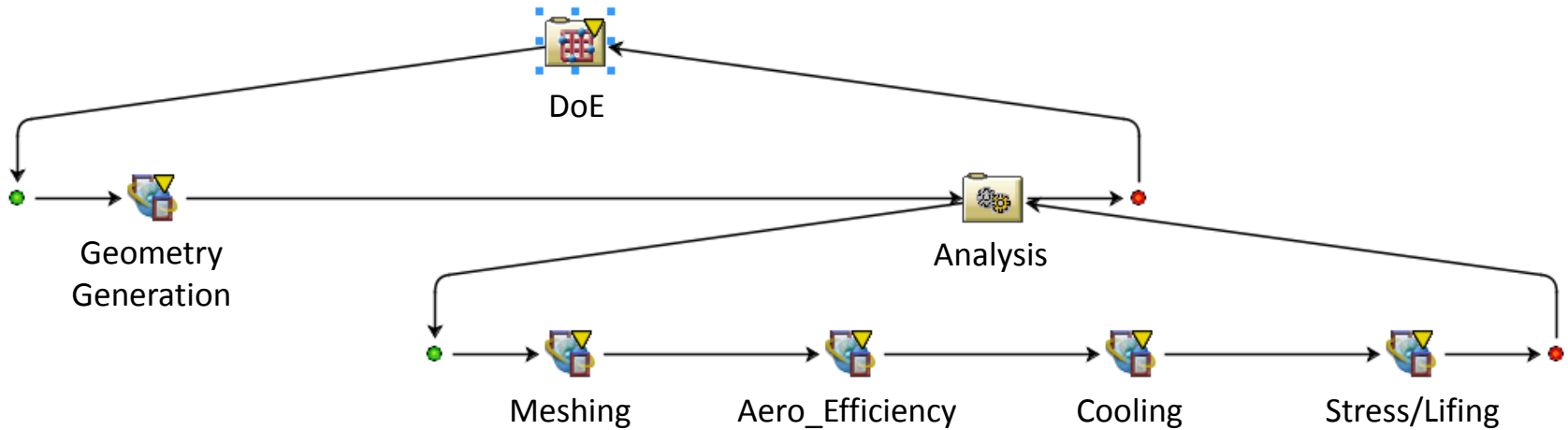
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### Main objective

- external combined life of LCF and Creep on the aerofoil

### Further objectives

- internal combined life (core)
- mass of the blade
- aero efficiency



### Execution:

- Generate 2 sets of sample points: 300 with oLHS- and 130 with MCS-sampling
- Distributed calculation (~3-4h per sample point) over different workstations
- Create response surface for every output parameter
- Run various optimizations

1

Motivation / Task

2

Toolbox: Procedure, methods and validation

3

Case of HP turbine blade

4

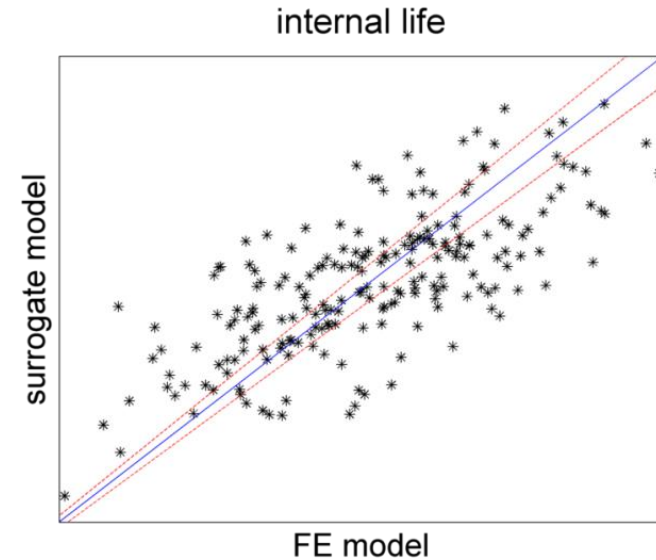
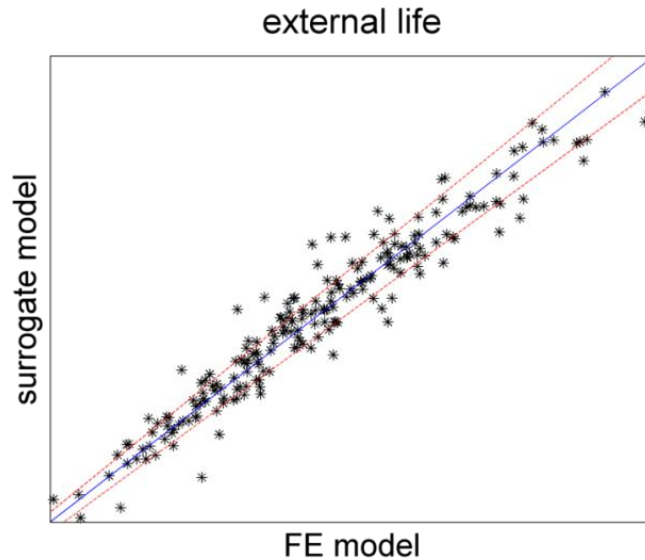
**Results**

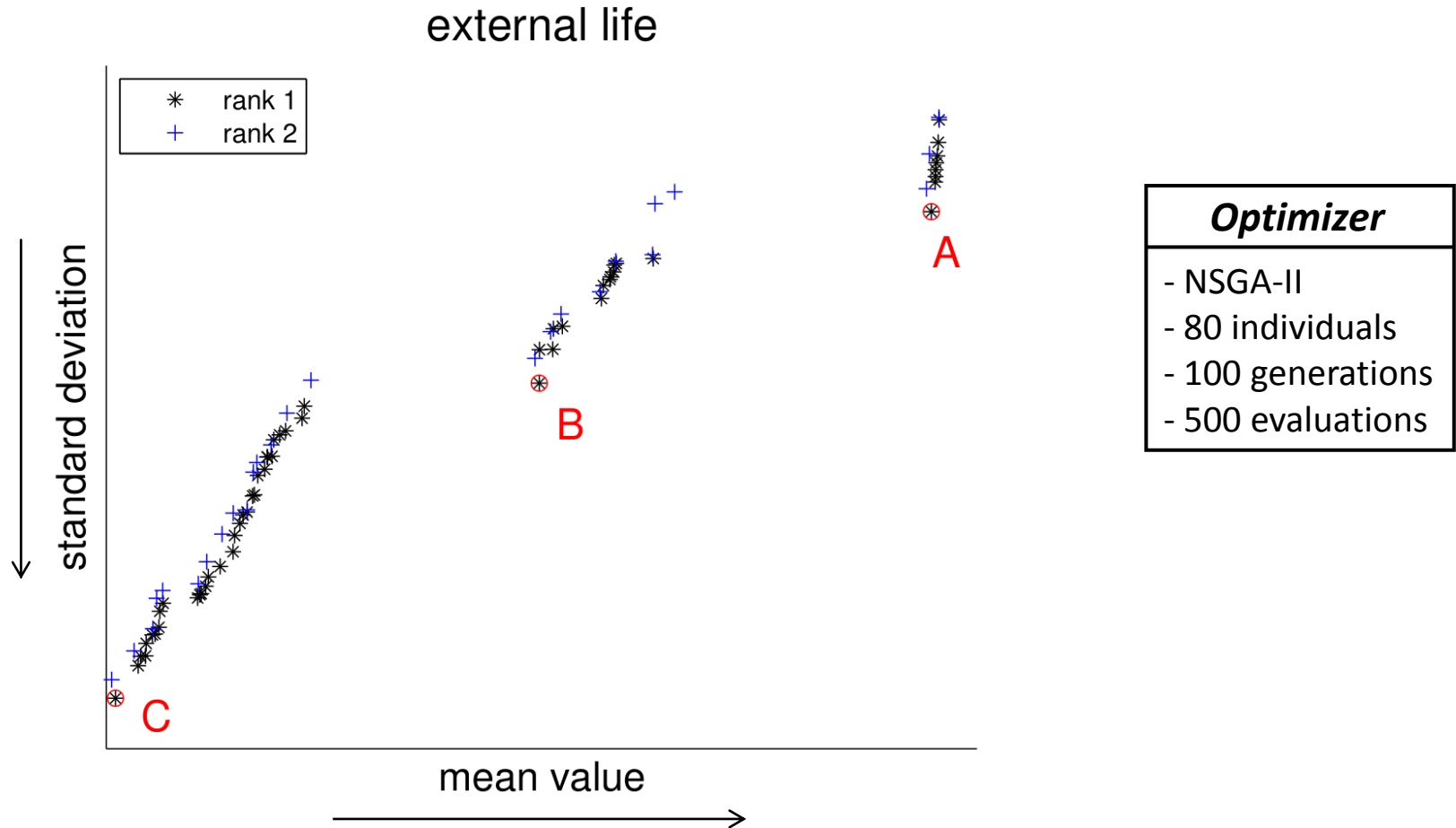
5

Conclusions

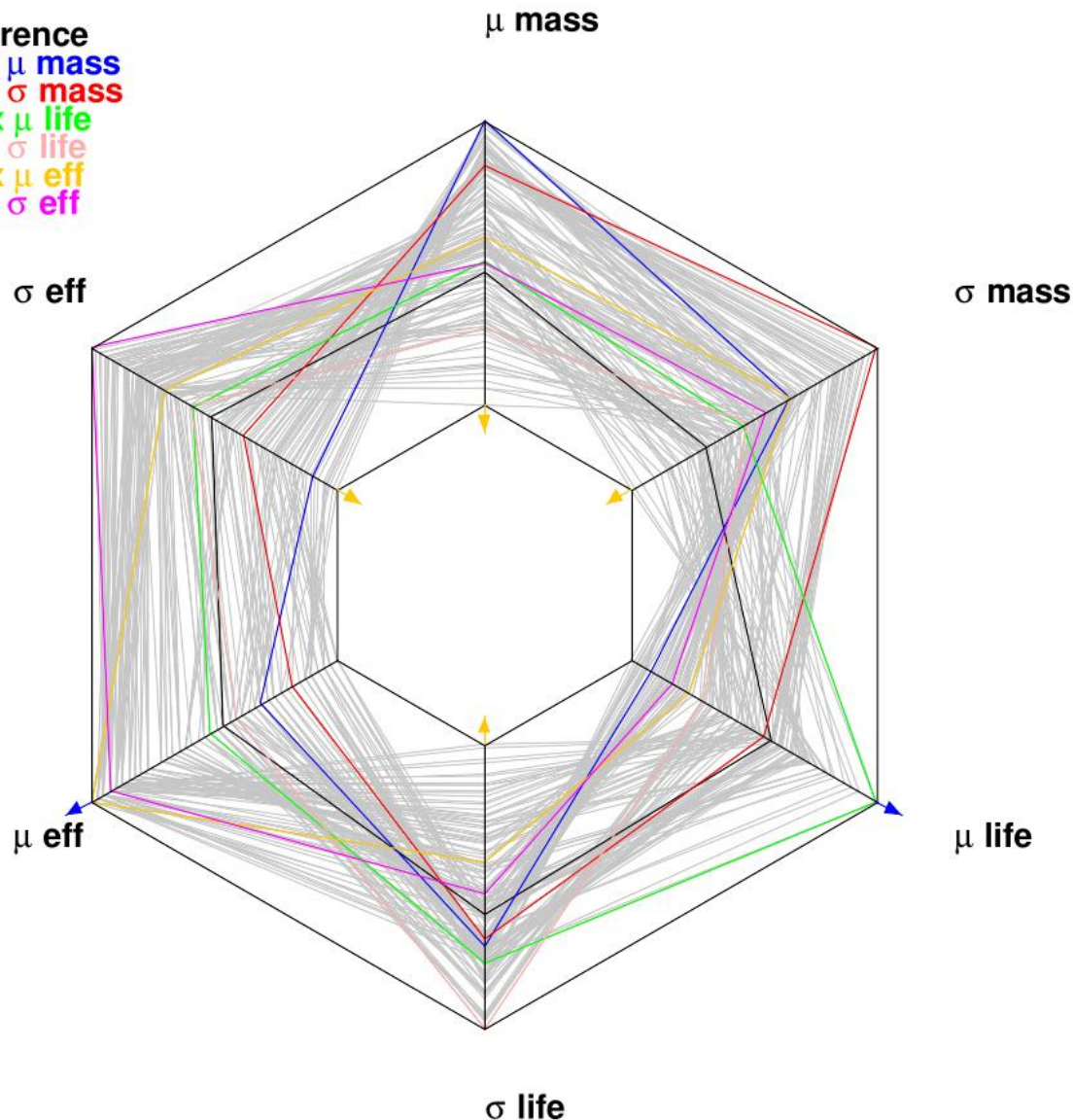
	mass	external	internal	efficiency
LR	0.749	0.749	0.348	0.988
RBF	0.931	0.896	0.216	0.991
Kriging	0.976	0.965	0.715	0.999

LOOCV with correlation coefficient after Pearson





— reference  
 —  $\min \mu$  mass  
 —  $\min \sigma$  mass  
 —  $\max \mu$  life  
 —  $\min \sigma$  life  
 —  $\max \mu$  eff  
 —  $\min \sigma$  eff



### Optimizer

- NSGA-II
- 150 individuals
- 300 generations
- 500 evaluations

→ 22.5 million evaluations

1

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## Achievements

- Created a toolbox containing most important methods for sample point and response surface generation, a lot of generic test function and various optimization algorithms
- First demonstration of a full multi-objective and robust design optimization for a real world turbine blade with the help of response surfaces at RRD

## Research outlook

- Use correlated set of input parameter with more realistic distributions for the robust statement and reduce the number of evaluations for robustness with more advanced methods



# Thank you for your attention!

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